Note: This is an excerpt translation of the "Yukashoken-Houkokusho" for the convenience of overseas stakeholders. In cases where any differences occur between the English version and the original Japanese version, the Japanese version shall prevail. F-TECH INC. assumes no responsibility for this translation or for direct, indirect or any other forms of damages arising from the translation.

# **Consolidated Financial Statements**

March 31, 2025

# F-TECH INC.

19, Showanuma, Shobu-cho, Kuki City, Saitama, JAPAN

# Consolidated financial statements, etc.

# (1) Consolidated financial statements

# i) Consolidated balance sheets

				(Millions of y
	As of Marc	h 31, 2024	As of Mar	rch 31, 2025
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and deposits		12,204		14,356
Notes receivable - trade	*1	279	*1	56
Accounts receivable - trade		41,317		34,976
Electronically recorded monetary claims - operating		325		226
Merchandise and finished goods		4,423		6,752
Work in process		7,623		6,751
Raw materials and supplies		13,438		14,948
Other		3,502		3,440
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(44)		(13)
Total current assets		83,069		81,495
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment				
Buildings and structures, net		21,735		20,011
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net		50,507		44,231
Dies and tools, net		2,646		1,077
Land		6,239		6,107
Leased assets, net		371		275
Construction in progress		7,171		5,119
Other, net		5,361		4,605
Total property, plant and equipment	*2	94,033	*2	81,428
Intangible assets				
Software		290		538
Other		28		45
Total intangible assets		319		583
Investments and other assets				
Investment securities	*3	9,485	*3	9,242
Retirement benefit asset		269		884
Deferred tax assets		3,427		2,824
Other		1,167		1,095
Total investments and other assets		14,350		14,047
Total non-current assets		108,702		96,059
Total assets		191,772		177,555

				(Millions of y
	As of Man	As of March 31, 2024		rch 31, 2025
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Notes and accounts payable - trade	*1	27,902	*1	26,229
Short-term loans payable	*4	38,537	*4	32,481
Current portion of long-term loans payable		12,782		11,634
Lease obligations		1,029		868
Income taxes payable		769		807
Accounts payable - other		2,214		2,356
Notes payable - facilities		177		147
Provision for directors' bonuses		49		28
Other	*5	8,590	*5	7,493
Total current liabilities		92,053		82,047
Non-current liabilities				
Bonds payable		-		2,000
Long-term loans payable		22,043		24,139
Lease obligations		1,671		1,468
Deferred tax liabilities		2,994		2,569
Provision for directors' retirement benefits		56		61
Net defined benefit liability		956		793
Negative goodwill		28		22
Other		226		206
Total non-current liabilities		27,975		31,262
Total liabilities		120,029		113,309
Net assets				- )
Shareholders' equity				
Capital stock		6,790		6,790
Capital surplus		6,404		6,427
Retained earnings		29,288		21,989
Treasury shares		(79)		(79)
Total shareholders' equity		42,404		35,127
Accumulated other comprehensive income		,		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		1,154		698
Deferred gains or losses on hedges		237		222
Foreign currency translation adjustment		11,937		14,667
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		92		796
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		13,421		16,385
Non-controlling interests		15,916		12,733
Total net assets		71,742		64,246
<del>-</del>		·		
Total liabilities and net assets		191,772		177,555

			(	Millions of yen)
		ear ended 31, 2024		ear ended 31, 2025
Net sales	*1	298,759	*1	300,831
Cost of sales	*2	276,435	*2	275,501
Gross profit		22,323		25,329
Selling, general and administrative expenses	*3, *4	18,615	*3, *4	19,848
Operating profit		3,708		5,481
Non-operating income		,		
Interest income		149		185
Dividend income		69		103
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method		600		146
Foreign exchange gains		1,232		_
Other		276		360
Total non-operating income		2,328		796
Non-operating expenses				
Interest expenses		2,825		2,786
Foreign exchange losses		_		390
Other		209		53
Total non-operating expenses		3,034		3,230
Ordinary profit		3,001		3,047
Extraordinary income		,		,
Gain on sales of non-current assets	*5	14	*5	64
Gain on change in equity		157		-
Other		_		1
Total extraordinary income		172		65
Extraordinary losses				
Loss on sales of non-current assets	*6	3		-
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	*7	69	*7	83
Impairment loss		_	*8	7,707
Extra retirement payments		_	*9	1,127
Total extraordinary losses		73		8,918
Profit (loss) before income taxes		3,100		(5,805)
Income taxes - current		3,139		2,945
Income taxes - deferred		(1,662)		798
Total income taxes		1,477		3,744
Profit (loss)		1,623		(9,549)
Profit (loss) attributable to		7		(- ) )
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent		1,683		(6,925)
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests		(59)		(2,624)
Other comprehensive income		(2)		(=,== 1)
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		676		(428)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges		(153)		(15)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		5,198		2,486
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax		143		705
Share of other comprehensive income of entities		211		220
accounted for using equity method		211		230
Total other comprehensive income	*10	6,076	*10	2,979
Comprehensive income		7,700		(6,570)
Comprehensive income attributable to				
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent		6,509		(3,962)
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests		1,190		(2,608)
_				* * /

# iii) Consolidated statements of changes in net assets Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

		Shareholders' equity					
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity		
Balance at beginning of period	6,790	6,733	27,979	(60)	41,443		
Changes of items during period							
Dividends of surplus			(374)		(374)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent			1,683		1,683		
Purchase of treasury shares				(18)	(18)		
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non- controlling interests		(329)			(329)		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity							
Total changes of items during period	-	(329)	1,309	(18)	960		
Balance at end of period	6,790	6,404	29,288	(79)	42,404		

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	543	386	7,731	(65)	8,595	14,717	64,756
Changes of items during period							
Dividends of surplus							(374)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							1,683
Purchase of treasury shares							(18)
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non- controlling interests							(329)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	611	(149)	4,205	158	4,826	1,198	6,025
Total changes of items during period	611	(149)	4,205	158	4,826	1,198	6,985
Balance at end of period	1,154	237	11,937	92	13,421	15,916	71,742

		Shareholders' equity					
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity		
Balance at beginning of period	6,790	6,404	29,288	(79)	42,404		
Changes of items during period							
Dividends of surplus			(374)		(374)		
Loss attributable to owners of parent			(6,925)		(6,925)		
Purchase of treasury shares				(0)	(0)		
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non- controlling interests		22			22		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity							
Total changes of items during period	_	22	(7,299)	(0)	(7,276)		
Balance at end of period	6,790	6,427	21,989	(79)	35,127		

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	1,154	237	11,937	92	13,421	15,916	71,742
Changes of items during period							
Dividends of surplus							(374)
Loss attributable to owners of parent							(6,925)
Purchase of treasury shares							(0)
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non- controlling interests							22
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(455)	(15)	2,730	703	2,963	(3,182)	(219)
Total changes of items during period	(455)	(15)	2,730	703	2,963	(3,182)	(7,496)
Balance at end of period	698	222	14,667	796	16,385	12,733	64,246

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
ash flows from operating activities		
Profit (loss) before income taxes	3,100	(5,805)
Depreciation	14,559	14,920
Impairment loss	_	7,707
Loss (gain) on change in equity	(157)	=
Amortization of goodwill	(5)	(5)
Increase (decrease) in assets and liabilities related to retirement benefits	81	47
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' retirement benefits	3	5
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' bonuses	(36)	(20)
Interest and dividend income	(219)	(288)
Interest expenses	2,825	2,786
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	(854)	136
Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method	(600)	(146)
Loss (gain) on sales of property, plant and equipment	(11)	(64)
Loss on retirement of property, plant and equipment	69	83
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable - trade	(827)	7,323
Decrease (increase) in inventories	2,440	(2,714)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable - trade	1,926	(2,015)
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities	701	(1,279)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable - other	211	1,208
Other, net	1,759	(890)
Subtotal	24,966	20,986
Interest and dividend income received	256	346
Interest expenses paid	(2,816)	(2,802)
Income taxes paid	(2,940)	(3,772)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	19,466	14,757
ash flows from investing activities	·	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(8,809)	(8,043)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	70	354
Purchase of intangible assets	(57)	(54)
Purchase of investment securities	(164)	(80)
Payments into time deposits		(100)
Other, net	57	52
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(8,902)	(7,871)

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		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	7,616	(5,949)
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	3,400	12,800
Repayments of long-term loans payable	(13,562)	(13,170)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	_	2,000
Purchase of treasury shares	(18)	(0)
Cash dividends paid	(373)	(374)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(306)	(236)
Repayments of lease obligations	(1,017)	(539)
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries not resulting in change in scope of consolidation	_	(315)
Other, net	_	58
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(4,263)	(5,728)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	413	894
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,712	2,052
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,491	12,204
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	*1 12,204	*1 14,256

### Notes to consolidated financial statements

# Basis of presentation and significant accounting policies for preparation of consolidated financial statements

- 1. Disclosure of scope of consolidation
  - (1) Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 18

Fukuda Engineering Co., Ltd.

Kyushu F.tech Inc.

Reterra Inc.

F&P Mfg., Inc.

F&P America Mfg., Inc.

F.tech R&D North America Inc.

F-TECH NORTH AMERICA INC.

F&P MFG. DE MEXICO S.A. DE C.V.

F.E.G. DE QUERETARO, S.A. DE C.V.

F.tech Zhongshan Inc.

F.tech Wuhan Inc.

F.tech R&D (Guangzhou) Inc.

Yantai Fuyan Mould Co., Ltd.

F.tech Philippines Mfg., Inc.

F.tech R&D Philippines Inc.

F.tech Mfg. (Thailand) Ltd.

PT. F.tech INDONESIA

India Steel Summit Private Limited

(2) Number of non-consolidated subsidiaries: Two

Laguna Greenland Corp.

F.tech Automotive Components Private Limited

### Reason for exclusion from scope of consolidation

The non-consolidated subsidiaries are small in scale and the amounts of their total assets, net sales, profit (loss) (for the Company's equity interest), retained earnings (for the Company's equity interest) and other financial statement items do not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

- 2. Disclosure about application of equity method
  - (1) Non-consolidated subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method Not applicable.
  - (2) Number of associates accounted for using the equity method: Five

Johnan Manufacturing Inc.

JOHNAN AMERICA, Inc.

JOHNAN F.TECH (THAILAND) LTD.

JOHNAN DE MEXICO, S.A. DE C.V.

VEEGEE Auto Components Private Limited

(3) Number of non-consolidated subsidiaries not accounted for using the equity method: Two

Laguna Greenland Corp.

F.tech Automotive Components Private Limited

Number of associates not accounted for using the equity method: Five

Progressive Tools & Components Pvt Ltd.

PT. JFD INDONESIA

JOHNAN WUHAN INC.

Johnan Kyushu Manufacturing Inc.

Johnan Foshan Inc.

Reason for exclusion from scope of equity method

The non-consolidated subsidiaries and associates that are not accounted for using the equity method are excluded from the application of the equity method since such exclusion has no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements in terms of profit (loss) (for the Company's equity interest), retained earnings (for the Company's equity interest) and other financial statement items, and overall they are of minor significance.

- (4) The fiscal year ends of certain companies accounted for using the equity method are different from the fiscal year end. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company uses the financial statements of these companies as of their fiscal year end.
- 3. Disclosure about fiscal years, etc. of consolidated subsidiaries

Among the consolidated subsidiaries, the fiscal year end of F.tech Philippines Mfg., Inc. and F.tech R&D Philippines Inc. is January 31 and the fiscal year end of F&P MFG. DE MEXICO S.A. DE C.V., F.E.G. DE QUERETARO, S.A. DE C.V., F.tech Zhongshan Inc., F.tech Wuhan Inc., F.tech R&D (Guangzhou) Inc., Yantai Fuyan Mould Co., Ltd. and PT. F.tech INDONESIA is December 31.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements as of the fiscal year ends of the respective subsidiaries are used. However, for major transactions that occurred between these fiscal year ends and the fiscal year end, necessary adjustments are made in the consolidated financial statements.

- 4. Disclosure of accounting policies
  - (1) Accounting policy for measuring significant assets
    - i) Securities

Available-for-sale securities (other securities)

Securities other than shares, etc. that do not have a market price

Stated at fair value based on market prices on the closing date of the accounting period.

(Valuation difference is stated as a component of net assets in the consolidated balance sheets, the cost of securities sold is calculated applying the moving-average method.)

Shares, etc. that do not have a market price

Stated at cost determined by the moving-average method.

ii) Derivatives

Stated at fair value.

iii) Inventories

Inventories of the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries are stated at cost determined by the average cost method (balance sheet amounts are determined based on the method of writing down book value in accordance with decreased profitability). Inventories of foreign consolidated subsidiaries are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined by the first-in, first-out method.

### (2) Accounting policy for depreciation of significant assets

i) Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

Depreciated by the straight-line method.

ii) Intangible assets (excluding leased assets)

Amortized by the straight-line method.

Software (for internal use) is amortized by the straight-line method over the usable period in the Company (five years).

#### iii) Leased assets

Leased assets relating to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership are depreciated by the straight-line method assuming the lease periods as useful lives without residual value.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated by the straight-line method over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or lease term.

### (3) Accounting policy for significant provisions

### i) Allowance for doubtful accounts

To prepare for losses from bad debts, an estimated uncollectible amount is provided either by making an estimation using the historical rate of credit loss in the case of general receivables, or based on individual consideration of collectability in the case of specific receivables such as highly doubtful receivables.

#### ii) Provision for directors' retirement benefits

At some consolidated subsidiaries, to prepare for the payment of directors' retirement benefits, the amount to be paid at the fiscal year end, based on the internal rules for directors' retirement benefits, is provided.

### iii) Provision for directors' bonuses

To prepare for the payment of directors' bonuses, the amount expected to be paid at the current fiscal year end is provided.

### (4) Accounting method of retirement benefits

i) Methods of attributing estimated retirement benefits to accounting periods

When calculating retirement benefit obligations, the benefit formula method is used to attribute estimated benefit amounts to periods of service until the current fiscal year end.

### ii) Amortization of actuarial gains and losses

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized beginning in the following fiscal years by the straight-line method over a period which is equal to or less than the average remaining service period of employees (mainly five years) at the time of occurrence. At certain consolidated subsidiaries, actuarial gains and losses are amortized at the time of occurrence.

### iii) Application of simplified methods for small businesses

In calculating net defined benefit liability, certain consolidated subsidiaries apply the simplified method in which the net defined benefit liability and retirement benefit costs are deemed to be the amount of retirement benefits to be paid in cases where all eligible employees retired on a voluntary basis at the fiscal year-end date.

## (5) Accounting policy for significant revenues and expenses

The details of the main performance obligations in the major businesses related to revenue from contracts with customers of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (the "Group") and the timing at which the Group typically satisfies these performance obligations (when it typically recognizes revenue) are as follows:

### i) Sale of finished goods

The Group mainly engages in the manufacture and sale of auto parts, dies and facilities. The Group's main performance obligations are the sale of finished goods to customers.

In the domestic transactions of finished goods, the Group recognizes revenue at the time when a finished good is delivered to a customer as the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of the good to the customer. In export transactions, the Group recognizes revenue at the time when the Group deems that it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring the risks borne and control of a finished good to a customer based on the terms and conditions of trade set forth in a contract with the customer. The Group receives consideration for transactions generally within three months after satisfying performance obligations, and the Group's contracts with customers do not contain a significant financing component.

### ii) Provision of other offerings

The Group provides technical support services related to the manufacture of auto parts.

The Group recognizes revenue from the provision of technical support services over the time the services are rendered because they are routine or recurring services in which the receipt and simultaneous consumption by a customer of the benefits of the Group's performance of obligations in a contract with the customer can be readily identified. The Group receives consideration for transactions related to the provision of technical support services generally in stages by measuring its progress toward complete satisfaction of that performance obligation based on contract terms.

In buy-sell transactions with repurchase obligation, the Group recognizes ending inventory of supplied articles remaining at fee-paying suppliers as work in process, and recognizes consideration received from the fee-paying suppliers as financial liabilities.

### (6) Translation basis of significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the fiscal year end, and the translation adjustment is recognized in the consolidated statements of income. Assets and liabilities of foreign consolidated subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at the spot exchange rates as of the fiscal year end, and revenues and expenses of foreign consolidated subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at the average exchange rates. Translation adjustments are included in foreign currency translation adjustments and non-controlling interests in net assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

### (7) Accounting policy for goodwill

All goodwill and the portion of negative goodwill that was recognized on or before March 31, 2010, have been amortized by the straight-line method over periods not exceeding 20 years based on the estimated period during which their effect will be recognized for each investment.

### (8) Significant hedge accounting method

i) Hedge accounting method

Deferred hedge accounting is applied to interest rate swaps in principle.

ii) Hedging instruments and hedged items

Hedging instruments: Interest rate swaps

Hedged items: Interest on loans payable

iii) Hedging policy

Loans payable with floating interest rates are converted into those with fixed interest rates to hedge the risk of fluctuations in interest rates.

iv) Method of assessing hedge effectiveness

The Company semi-annually compares the cumulative cash flow fluctuations or market fluctuations of the hedged items, and the cumulative cash flow fluctuations or market fluctuations of hedging instruments, and assesses hedge effectiveness based on these fluctuations and others.

(9) Scope of cash and cash equivalents in consolidated statements of cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments that are

readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of change in value and due within three months from the date of acquisition.

### **Significant accounting estimates**

The Company calculates reasonable monetary amounts for significant accounting estimates based on the information available at the time of preparing the consolidated financial statements. Of the amounts reported as accounting estimates in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year, the following items have the risk of having a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements for the following fiscal year:

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

- 1. Impairment test of non-current assets at F&P America Mfg., Inc.'s Ohio factory and Georgia factory
  - (1) Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year Given that the Ohio factory and Georgia factory of F&P America Mfg., Inc. ("F&P America"), the Company's consolidated subsidiary in the North America segment, posted operating losses for the reasons of rising labor costs amid the tight labor market and losses incurred during the launch of new models, despite profits secured through initiatives to pass on higher costs to product prices after selling price negotiations, the Company identified an indication of impairment. As a result of examining whether to recognize an impairment loss of non-current assets at F&P America's Ohio factory and Georgia factory, the total estimated undiscounted cash flows from their respective asset groups were expected to fall below the carrying amount of the asset groups; however, the fair value of the asset groups calculated with the help of an external expert exceeded the carrying amount of 24,203 million yen. The Company, therefore, did not recognize an impairment loss.
  - (2) Other information that helps users of the consolidated financial statements better understand the details of the accounting estimates

In principle, the Group's business assets are grouped by the categories for management accounting. F&P America applies US GAAP and non-current assets are grouped by factory as the smallest cashgenerating unit. If an indication of impairment is identified in an asset group, and the total estimated undiscounted cash flows from the respective asset group are expected to fall below the carrying amount of the respective asset group and the fair value of the asset group is expected to be lower than its carrying amount, the difference between the fair value and carrying amount is recognized as an impairment loss.

As an indication of impairment was identified at F&P America's Ohio factory and Georgia factory, the Company compared the respective asset groups' fair value to their carrying amount since the total estimated undiscounted cash flows from the respective asset groups are expected to fall below their carrying amount. The market approach is mainly used in calculating the fair value of the assets. If the fair value fluctuates, it may significantly affect the determination of whether to recognize an impairment loss and the amount thereof.

- 2. Impairment test of non-current assets at F.tech Philippines Mfg., Inc.
  - (1) Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year

    Given that F.tech Philippines Mfg., Inc. ("FPMI"), the Company's consolidated subsidiary in the Asia segment, continued to show sluggish operating results for the main reasons of lower sales resulting from a shortage of semiconductors as well as soaring prices, the Company identified an indication of impairment. Accordingly, after examining whether to recognize an impairment loss, an impairment loss was not recognized since the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from the cash-generating unit ("value in use") exceeded the carrying amount of non-current assets (805 million yen).
  - (2) Other information that helps users of the consolidated financial statements better understand the details of the accounting estimates

In principle, the Group's business assets are grouped by the categories for management accounting. FPMI applies IFRS and deems its factory as a whole as the smallest cash-generating unit. If an indication of impairment is identified and the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount is expected to fall below its carrying amount, the difference between the two is recognized as an impairment loss.

As an indication of impairment was identified at FPMI, the Company compared the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount to its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is based on the value in use, which is estimated as the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from the cash-generating unit, calculated by applying a pre-tax discount rate to estimated cash flows based on earnings forecasts and business plans approved by the board of directors. The management's judgment concerning these may have a significant impact on estimated future cash flows.

- 3. Recoverability of deferred tax assets at F-TECH INC.
  - (1) Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year. The balance of deferred tax assets recorded in the consolidated balance sheet for the fiscal year is 3,427 million yen.

The amount of the deferred tax assets before being offset by deferred tax liabilities was 463 million yen. A valuation allowance of 3,070 million yen was deducted from deferred tax assets totaling 3,533 million yen for deductible temporary differences.

(2) Other information that helps users of the consolidated financial statements better understand the details of the accounting estimates

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and tax loss carried forward to the extent that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. In determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the amount of deferred tax assets to be recorded is calculated according to the company classification specified in "Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (ASBJ Guidance No. 26).

Future taxable income to be used in determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets is estimated based on the Company's earnings forecasts drawn up by the management. This estimate that reflects external factors, including the business environment, contains the Company's expected future volume of sales to its main customers and the downward risk of the earnings forecasts. The management's judgment concerning these may have a significant impact on the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

- 1. Impairment test of non-current assets at F&P America Mfg., Inc.'s Ohio factory and Georgia factory
  - Given that the Ohio factory of F&P America Mfg., Inc. ("F&P America"), the Company's consolidated subsidiary in the North America segment, posted an operating loss due to the impact of production cutbacks, rising labor costs and persistently high raw material costs, the Company identified an indication of impairment. Also, given that the Georgia factory of F&P America continues to face risks associated with uncertainty in the US market, such as persistently high raw material prices, despite turning to profitability thanks to increased revenue, cost reduction initiatives, and selling price negotiations, the Company identified an indication of impairment. As a result of examining whether to recognize an impairment loss of non-current assets at F&P America's Ohio factory and Georgia factory, the total estimated undiscounted cash flows from their respective asset groups were expected to fall below the carrying amount of the asset groups; however, the fair value of the asset groups calculated with the help of an external expert exceeded the carrying amount of 22,557 million yen. The Company, therefore, did not recognize an impairment loss.
  - (2) Other information that helps users of the consolidated financial statements better understand the details of the accounting estimates

In principle, the Group's business assets are grouped by the categories for management accounting. F&P America applies US GAAP and non-current assets are grouped by factory as the smallest cashgenerating unit. If an indication of impairment is identified in an asset group, and the total estimated undiscounted cash flows from the asset group are expected to fall below the carrying amount of the asset

group and the fair value of the asset group is expected to be lower than its carrying amount, the difference between the fair value and carrying amount is recognized as an impairment loss.

As an indication of impairment was identified at F&P America's Ohio factory and Georgia factory, the Company compared the asset groups' fair value to their carrying amount since the total estimated undiscounted cash flows from the asset groups are expected to fall below their carrying amount. The market approach is mainly used in calculating the fair value of the assets. If the fair value fluctuates, it may significantly affect the determination of whether to recognize an impairment loss and the amount thereof.

- 2. Impairment test of non-current assets at F.tech Philippines Mfg., Inc.
  - (1) Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year Given that F.tech Philippines Mfg., Inc. ("FPMI"), the Company's consolidated subsidiary in the Asia segment, returned to profitability through cost reduction initiatives and selling price negotiations, but continues to face uncertainty over the impact of inflationary pressures such as persistently high raw material prices, the Company identified an indication of impairment. Accordingly, after examining whether to recognize an impairment loss, an impairment loss was not recognized since the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from the cash-generating unit ("value in use") exceeded the carrying amount of non-current assets (760 million yen).
  - (2) Other information that helps users of the consolidated financial statements better understand the details of the accounting estimates

In principle, the Group's business assets are grouped by the categories for management accounting. FPMI applies IFRS and deems its factory as a whole as the smallest cash-generating unit. If an indication of impairment is identified and the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount is expected to fall below its carrying amount, the difference between the two is recognized as an impairment loss.

As an indication of impairment was identified at FPMI, the Company compared the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount to its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is based on the value in use, which is estimated as the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from the cash-generating unit, calculated by applying a pre-tax discount rate to estimated cash flows based on earnings forecasts and business plans approved by the board of directors. The management's judgment concerning these may have a significant impact on estimated future cash flows.

- 3. Recoverability of deferred tax assets at F-TECH INC.
  - (1) Amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year. The balance of deferred tax assets recorded in the consolidated balance sheet for the fiscal year is 2,824 million yen.

The amount of the deferred tax assets before being offset by deferred tax liabilities was 221 million yen. A valuation allowance of 3,707 million yen was deducted from deferred tax assets totaling 3,928 million yen for deductible temporary differences.

(2) Other information that helps users of the consolidated financial statements better understand the details of the accounting estimates

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and tax loss carried forward to the extent that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. In determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the amount of deferred tax assets to be recorded is calculated according to the company classification specified in "Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (ASBJ Guidance No. 26).

Future taxable income to be used in determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets is estimated based on the Company's earnings forecasts drawn up by the management. This estimate that reflects external factors, including the business environment, contains the Company's expected future volume of sales to its main customers and the downward risk of the earnings forecasts. The management's judgment concerning these may have a significant impact on the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

### Notes to consolidated balance sheets

\*1. Notes matured on the last day of the period were settled on the clearance date.

Since the last day of the previous period was a bank holiday, the following notes matured on the last day of the period are included in the ending balance.

		(Millions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Notes receivable - trade	3	-
Notes payable - trade	157	-
Notes payable - facilities	4	_

\*2. Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

ions of yen)	(Mıllıo	
1, 2025	As of March 31,	As of March 31, 2024
95,221	195	182,724

\*3. Investment securities relating to non-consolidated subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Investment securities (stocks)	6,661	6,981

\*4. The Group has entered into overdraft agreements and loan commitment agreements with 17 banks to efficiently raise working capital.

Balance of unexecuted borrowings at end of period under overdraft agreements and loan commitment agreements is as follows:

9		(Millions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Total amount of overdraft facility limit and loan commitment	71,899	77,614
Balance of borrowings outstanding	38,537	32,481
Unexecuted balance	33,362	45,133

\*5. The amount of contract liabilities of "Other" is as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	
Contract liabilities	1,696	428

### Notes to consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income

\*1. Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company does not disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers and other sources of revenue. The amount of revenue from contracts with customers is presented in "Notes to consolidated financial statements, Segment information, etc., Segment information, 3. Information on net sales, profit (loss), assets, liabilities, other items, and disaggregation of revenue, for each reportable segment" in the consolidated financial statements.

\*2. The ending balance of inventories represents the amount after write-down of the book value in accordance with the decline in profitability and the following loss (reversal) on valuation of inventories is included in cost of sales.

	(Millions of yen)
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
436	3

\*3. The major items of selling, general and administrative expenses are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Haulage expenses	2,454	2,091
Salaries, allowance and bonuses	5,292	5,554
Retirement benefit costs	155	178
Provision for directors' bonuses	45	20
Provision for directors' retirement benefits	3	12
Research and development expenses	2,668	3,091
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	15	_

\*4. The total research and development expenses included in general and administrative expenses are as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
2,668	3,091

\*5. The breakdown of gain on sales of non-current assets is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended Fiscal March 31, 2024 March 31, 2024	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	10	12
Land	_	44
Other	4	7
Total	14	64

### \*6. The breakdown of loss on sales of non-current assets is as follows:

| Comparison of the comparison

### \*7. The breakdown of loss on retirement of non-current assets is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)	
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024		
Buildings and structures	2	10	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	35	54	
Other	31	17	
Total	69	83	

### \*8. Impairment loss

The Group posted an impairment loss on the following asset groups in the current fiscal year.

(Millions of yen)

Reportable segments	Region	Purpose	Туре	Amount
Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, China		Business assets	Buildings, machinery, equipment and vehicles, dies and tools, construction in progress, software and others	3,968
Asia	Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China Business as		Buildings and structures, machinery, equipment and vehicles, dies and tools, construction in progress, software and others	3,705
Japan	Kazo City, Saitama Prefecture	Business assets	Land	33
Total				7,707

The Group's business assets are grouped by the categories for management accounting.

Due to the rapid changes in the Chinese automotive market, production volumes at our major customers have decreased significantly, resulting in a decline in profitability. As a result, the Company reduced the carrying amount to the recoverable amount and recorded the decrease as an impairment loss. The recoverable amount is measured at fair value less disposal costs.

In Japan, the Company has decided to sell its unused employee dormitory. Since the sale price agreed with the buyer is significantly lower than the carrying amount, the Company has recognized the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the sale price as an impairment loss.

### \*9. Extra retirement payments

Extra retirement payments for the current fiscal year represent expenses incurred as a result of voluntary retirement programs implemented by our consolidated subsidiaries, F.tech Zhongshan Inc. and F.tech Wuhan Inc., which have been recorded as extraordinary losses.

\*10. Reclassification adjustments, income taxes and tax effects relating to other comprehensive income are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		
Increase (decrease) during the period	958	(621)
Reclassification adjustments	-	_
Pre-adjustment of income taxes and tax effect	958	(621)
Income taxes and tax effect amount	(282)	193
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	676	(428)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges		
Increase (decrease) during the period	(134)	(111)
Reclassification adjustments	-	-
Pre-adjustment of income taxes and tax effect	(134)	(111)
Income taxes and tax effect amount	(18)	95
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(153)	(15)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		
Increase (decrease) during the period	5,198	2,486
Foreign currency translation adjustment	5,198	2,486
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		
Increase (decrease) during the period	140	899
Reclassification adjustments	13	(13)
Pre-adjustment of income taxes and tax effect	154	885
Income taxes and tax effect amount	(10)	(180)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	143	705
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method		
Increase (decrease) during the period	211	230
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	211	230
Total other comprehensive income	6,076	2,979
<del></del>		

### Notes to consolidated statements of changes in net assets

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

1. Class and total number of issued shares and class and number of treasury shares

				(Thousands of shares)
	Number of shares as of beginning of period	Number of shares increased during period	Number of shares decreased during period	Number of shares as of end of period
Issued shares				
Common shares	18,712	_	_	18,712
Total	18,712	_	_	18,712
Treasury shares				
Common shares	121	22	_	144
Total	121	22	_	144

Summary of reason for change:

Purchase of 22 thousand treasury shares for providing stock-based compensation to officers

### 2. Dividends

### (1) Cash dividends paid

Resolution	Class of shares	Total cash dividend (Millions of yen)	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2023	Common shares	187	Retained earnings	10	March 31, 2023	June 23, 2023
Meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 7, 2023	Common shares	187	Retained earnings	10	September 30, 2023	December 1, 2023

#### Notes:

- 1. The total cash dividend paid based on the resolution at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2023 includes dividends of 870,000 yen paid for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. as trust property of performance-linked stock compensation for the Company's officers.
- 2. The total cash dividend paid based on the resolution at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 7, 2023 includes dividends of 1,100,000 yen paid for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. as trust property of performance-linked stock compensation for the Company's officers.

# (2) Dividends whose record dates are in the current fiscal year but whose effective dates fall in the next fiscal year

Resolution	Class of shares	Total cash dividend (Millions of yen)	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 20, 2024	Common shares	187	Retained earnings	10	March 31, 2024	June 21, 2024

Note: The total cash dividend paid based on the resolution at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 20, 2024 includes dividends of 1,100,000 yen paid for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. as trust property of performance-linked stock compensation for the Company's officers.

### Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

### 1. Class and total number of issued shares and class and number of treasury shares

(Thousands of shares)

	Number of shares as of beginning of period	Number of shares increased during period	Number of shares decreased during period	Number of shares as of end of period
Issued shares				
Common shares	18,712	_	_	18,712
Total	18,712	_	_	18,712
Treasury shares				
Common shares	144	0	_	144
Total	144	0	_	144

Summary of reason for change:

An increase of 50 shares due to the purchase of shares less than one unit

### 2. Dividends

### (1) Cash dividends paid

Resolution	Class of shares	Total cash dividend (Millions of yen)	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 20, 2024	Common shares	187	Retained earnings	10	March 31, 2024	June 21, 2024
Meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 7, 2024	Common shares	187	Retained earnings	10	September 30, 2024	December 2, 2024

### Notes:

- 1. The total cash dividend paid based on the resolution at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 20, 2024 includes dividends of 1,100,000 yen paid for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. as trust property of performance-linked stock compensation for the Company's officers.
- 2. The total cash dividend paid based on the resolution at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 7, 2024 includes dividends of 1,100,000 yen paid for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. as trust property of performance-linked stock compensation for the Company's officers.

# (2) Dividends whose record dates are in the current fiscal year but whose effective dates fall in the next fiscal year

Resolution	Class of shares	Total cash dividend (Millions of yen)	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 19, 2025	Common shares	187	Retained earnings	10	March 31, 2025	June 20, 2025

Note: The total cash dividend paid based on the resolution at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 19, 2025 includes dividends of 1,100,000 yen paid for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. as trust property of performance-linked stock compensation for the Company's officers.

### Notes to consolidated statements of cash flows

\*1. Reconciliation of ending balance of cash and cash equivalents with account balances per balance sheet

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Cash and deposits	12,204	14,356
Time deposits with a deposit period exceeding three months	-	(100)
Cash and cash equivalents	12,204	14,256

# \*2. Description of significant transactions not requiring use of cash or cash equivalents

Assets and liabilities associated with lease transactions newly recorded are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)	
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	
Leased assets	104	18	
Right-of-use assets	715	764	
Lease obligations	822	783	

### Notes on leases

#### As lessee

1. Finance lease transactions

Finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership

i) Leased assets

Property, plant and equipment

Mainly production facilities (machinery and equipment)

ii) Depreciation of leased assets

Depreciation of leased assets is as stated in "4. Disclosure of accounting policies, (2) Accounting policies for depreciation of significant assets" under "Basis of presentation and significant accounting policies for preparation of consolidated financial statements."

### 2. Operating lease transactions

Future lease payments under non-cancellable leases of operating lease transactions

(Millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Due within one year	24	19
Due over one year	20	20
Total	44	39

### Notes on financial instruments

- 1. Overview of financial instruments
  - (1) Policy on treatment of financial instruments

The Group raises necessary funds (mainly loans from banks and issuance of corporate bonds) according to the capital expenditure plan to conduct the auto parts related business consisting of the manufacture and sale of auto parts and dies, equipment, tools, etc. for these parts. The Group utilizes derivatives to hedge its exposure to risks described below and adheres to a policy of not conducting derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

### (2) Financial instruments and related risks

Notes and accounts receivable - trade that are operating receivables are exposed to the credit risk of customers. Although operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies, which arise from intercompany transactions due to the globally developed businesses, are exposed to the risk of fluctuations in exchange rates, forward exchange contracts are used to hedge this risk. Investment securities are principally stocks held for the purposes of increasing transactions with business partners and strengthening business relationships to stably raise funds, etc. and exposed to the risk of fluctuations in market prices.

Notes and accounts payable - trade that are operating payables and accounts payable - other are due within one year. Some of these payables are denominated in foreign currencies due to import of materials, etc. and exposed to the risk of fluctuations in exchange rates, however, they are within the range of the balance of accounts receivable - trade denominated in the same foreign currency on a permanent basis. Bonds payable, loans payable and lease obligations on finance leases are the amounts raised principally for the purpose of funding capital expenditure; these amounts are due for repayment within up to 20 years after the current fiscal year end. Some of the loans payable and lease obligations are at floating interest rates and exposed to the risk of fluctuations in interest rates, however, derivative transactions (interest rate swaps) are used to hedge this risk.

Derivative transactions are forward exchange contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk on operating receivables arising from intercompany transactions and interest rate swaps to hedge the interest rate risk on interest paid on loans payable. For hedging instruments and hedged items, hedging policy, method of assessing hedge effectiveness, and other relevant information in hedge accounting, please refer to "Disclosure of accounting policies, Significant hedge accounting method" mentioned above.

### (3) Risk management system for financial instruments

on interest paid on loans payable.

i) Management of credit risk (customers' default risk)

For operating receivables, the Company conducts maturity management and balance management by counterparty through periodical monitoring of major business partners' status in the operation division and the management division of each department in accordance with the internal rules on sales management, and endeavors to quickly determine and mitigate any concern on the collection of receivables due to deteriorated financial conditions. Consolidated subsidiaries also manage operating receivables in the same manner in accordance with the Company's internal rules on sales management. The Group enters into derivative transactions only with financial institutions with high credit ratings to mitigate the counterparty risk.

ii) Management of market risk (fluctuation risk of foreign currency exchange and interest rates, etc.)

The Company and some consolidated subsidiaries utilize forward exchange contracts in principle to hedge the foreign currency exchange rate fluctuation risk by currency on a monthly basis for operating receivables arising from intercompany transactions. Depending on the status of foreign exchange rates, forward exchange contracts are entered into for a maximum of 12 months in relation to operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies that are certainly expected to arise from forecast royalty transactions. Some consolidated subsidiaries enter into interest rate swaps to limit the interest rate risk

For investment securities, the Company periodically assesses market value and financial conditions of issuers (business partners).

For derivative transactions, the Company assesses the positions to conduct hedge transactions on a monthly basis under the hedge policy of the funds and foreign exchange conference, in accordance with the internal rules on derivatives which stipulate transaction authority, limit amounts and other matters and the internal rules on foreign exchange risks. Based on this assessment, the accounting department conducts transactions, and records information on the transactions and checks balances with counterparties. Consolidated subsidiaries also manage derivative transactions in the same manner in accordance with the Company's internal rules on derivatives and internal rules on foreign exchange risks.

iii) Management of liquidity risk associated with fund raising (risk of inability to pay on due date)

The Company's accounting department prepares and updates financial plans annually and monthly

based on reports from each department.

### (4) Supplementary explanation concerning fair values of financial instruments

The fair values of financial instruments include the amounts based on market prices and the reasonably calculated amounts when market prices are not available. In calculating the amounts, several variable factors are considered. The resulting amounts thus may vary depending on the differences of preconditions employed. In addition, the contract/notional amounts of derivative transactions stated in "Notes on derivatives" do not by themselves indicate market risk on derivative transactions.

### (5) Concentration of credit risks

As of March 31, 2025, 59.1% of operating receivables were associated with major customers.

#### 2. Fair values of financial instruments

Carrying amounts on the consolidated balance sheets, fair values and differences therebetween of the financial instruments are shown below.

As of March 31, 2024

(Millions of yen)

	Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet	Fair value	Difference
(1) Investment securities (*2)			
Available-for-sale securities (other securities)	2,561	2,561	_
Total assets	2,561	2,561	_
(2) Long-term loans payable (*3)	34,825	34,327	(498)
(3) Lease obligations (*4)	2,700	2,336	(364)
Total liabilities	37,526	36,663	(863)
(4) Derivatives (*5)	449	449	_

<sup>(\*1) &</sup>quot;Cash and deposits," "Notes receivable - trade," "Accounts receivable - trade," "Notes and accounts payable - trade," "Accounts payable - other," and "Short-term loans payable" are not presented because they are settled in cash within a short period of time, and thus, their fair values are approximate to their carrying amounts.

(\*2) Equity and other securities without market prices are not included in "(1) Investment securities" above. The carrying amounts of these financial instruments on the balance sheet are as shown below:

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(14111)	110115	O1	y CII)

Classification	As of March 31, 2024
Non-listed shares	
Shares of subsidiaries and associates	6,661
Other	261
Total	6,923

- (\*3) Current portion of long-term loans payable in current liabilities is included.
- (\*4) The total amount of lease obligations in current liabilities and lease obligations in non-current liabilities is presented.
- (\*5) Claims and obligations arising from derivative transactions are presented on a net basis.

(Millions of yen)

	Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet	Fair value	Difference
(1) Investment securities (*2)			
Available-for-sale securities (other securities)	1,999	1,999	_
Total assets	1,999	1,999	_
(2) Bonds payable	2,000	2,005	5
(3) Long-term loans payable (*3)	35,773	35,296	(476)
(4) Lease obligations (*4)	2,336	2,124	(211)
Total liabilities	40,110	39,427	(682)
(5) Derivatives (*5)	342	342	_

- (\*1) "Cash and deposits," "Notes receivable trade," "Accounts receivable trade," "Notes and accounts payable trade," "Accounts payable other," and "Short-term loans payable" are not presented because they are settled in cash within a short period of time, and thus, their fair values are approximate to their carrying amounts.
- (\*2) Equity and other securities without market prices are not included in "(1) Investment securities" above. The carrying amounts of these financial instruments on the balance sheet are as shown below:

(Millions of yen)

	(Willions of yell)
Classification	As of March 31, 2025
Non-listed shares	
Shares of subsidiaries and associates	6,981
Other	261
Total	7,243

- (\*3) Current portion of long-term loans payable in current liabilities is included.
- (\*4) The total amount of lease obligations in current liabilities and lease obligations in non-current liabilities is presented.
- (\*5) Claims and obligations arising from derivative transactions are presented on a net basis.

Notes:

1. Redemption schedule for monetary receivables after the fiscal year end As of March 31, 2024

(Millions of yen)

	Due within one year	Due after one year through five years	Due after five years through ten years	Due over ten years
Cash and deposits	12,204	_	_	-
Notes receivable - trade	604	_	_	-
Accounts receivable - trade	41,317	_	_	-
Total	54,126	=	=	=

As of March 31, 2025

	Due within one year	Due after one year through five years	Due after five years through ten years	Due over ten years
Cash and deposits	14,356	_	_	_
Notes receivable - trade	56	_	_	_
Accounts receivable - trade	34,976	_	_	_
Total	49,390	-	=	_

2. Repayment schedule for long-term loans payable, lease obligations, and other interest-bearing debts after the fiscal year end

As of March 31, 2024

(Millions of yen)

	Due within one year	Due after one year through five years	Due after five years through ten years	Due over ten years
Short-term loans payable	38,537	_	_	_
Long-term loans payable	12,782	22,043	_	_
Lease obligations	1,029	1,452	50	168
Total	52,349	23,495	50	168

As of March 31, 2025

	Due within one year	Due after one year through five years	Due after five years through ten years	Due over ten years
Short-term loans payable	32,481	_	_	_
Bonds payable	_	2,000	_	_
Long-term loans payable	11,634	24,139	_	_
Lease obligations	868	1,257	52	158
Total	44,984	27,396	52	158

3. Breakdown by the level of fair values of financial instruments, etc.

The fair values of financial instruments are classified into the following three levels depending on the observability and importance of inputs used for the measurement of their fair values as follows:

Level 1: Fair values measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities out of the observable inputs used for the measurement of fair values

Level 2: Fair values measured using the inputs other than those used for Level 1 out of the observable inputs used for the measurement of fair values

Level 3: Fair values measured using unobservable inputs used for the measurement of fair values

When multiple inputs that have a material impact on the measurement of fair value are used, the fair value is classified into the lowest level of the fair value hierarchy to which any of these inputs belong.

# (1) Financial instruments stated at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets

As of March 31, 2024

Classification	Fair value (millions of yen)			
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investment securities  Available-for-sale securities (other securities)  Derivatives	2,561	_	-	2,561
Interest rate	_	448	_	448
Foreign currency	_	0	-	0
Total assets	2,561	449	_	3,011

### As of March 31, 2025

Classification	Fair value (millions of yen)			
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investment securities  Available-for-sale securities (other securities)  Derivatives	1,999	-	-	1,999
Interest rate	_	337	_	337
Foreign currency	-	4	-	4
Total assets	1,999	342	_	2,342

# (2) Financial instruments other than the financial instruments stated at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets As of March 31, 2024

Classification	Fair value (millions of yen)			
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-term loans payable (including current portion of long-term loans payable)	_	34,327	_	34,327
Lease obligations (including current portion of lease obligations)	_	2,336	_	2,336
Total liabilities	_	36,663	_	36,663

### As of March 31, 2025

Classification	Fair value (millions of yen)			
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bonds payable	_	2,005	_	2,005
Long-term loans payable (including current portion of long-term loans payable)	_	35,296	-	35,296
Lease obligations (including current portion of lease obligations)	_	2,124	_	2,124
Total liabilities	=	39,427	-	39,427

Note: Valuation techniques and inputs used for the measurement of fair values Investment securities

The fair values of listed shares are calculated using quoted market prices, and are classified into Level 1 because they are traded in active markets.

### Derivatives

The fair values of interest rate swaps and forward exchange contracts are calculated using the discounted cash flow method based on observable inputs such as interest rates and exchange rates, and are classified into Level 2.

Bonds payable, long-term loans payable and lease obligations

The fair values of bonds payable, long-term loans payable and lease obligations are calculated by discounting the total amount of principal and interest at the assumed interest rate of similar new bonds payable, borrowings and lease contracts, and are classified into Level 2.

# **Notes on securities**

1. Available-for-sale securities (other securities) As of March 31, 2024

(Millions of yen)

	(Willions of yell)			
	Туре	Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet	Original purchase price	Difference
	(1) Shares	2,561	903	1,658
Items whose carrying amount on the consolidated	(2) Bonds	_	_	_
balance sheet exceeds original purchase price	(3) Other	_	_	_
original purchase price	Subtotal	2,561	903	1,658
Items whose carrying	(1) Shares			
amount on the consolidated balance sheet does not	(2) Bonds	_	-	_
exceed original purchase price	(3) Other	_	_	
	Subtotal			
То	tal	2,561	903	1,658

# As of March 31, 2025

(Williams of				(**************************************
	Туре	Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet	Original purchase price	Difference
	(1) Shares	1,999	984	1,015
Items whose carrying amount on the consolidated	(2) Bonds	_	_	_
balance sheet exceeds original purchase price	(3) Other	_	-	-
original purchase price	Subtotal	1,999	984	1,015
Items whose carrying	(1) Shares	_		
amount on the consolidated balance sheet does not	(2) Bonds	_	_	_
exceed original purchase price	(3) Other	_	_	_
	Subtotal	_		
То	tal	1,999	984	1,015

# **Notes on derivatives**

- 1. Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting is not applied
  - (1) Foreign currency

As of March 31, 2024

(Millions of yen)

		As of March 31, 2024			
Classification	Type of transaction	Contract/notional amount	Portion of contract/notional amount over one year	Fair value	Valuation gain (loss)
	Forward exchange contracts				
	Sell				
Transactions other	U.S. dollar	1,243	_	1	1
than market transactions	Thai baht	53	_	(0)	(0)
	Indian rupee	9	_	(0)	(0)
	Buy				
	U.S. dollar	_	_		_
	Total	1,306	_	0	0

# As of March 31, 2025

(Millions of yen)

		As of March 31, 2025			
Classification	Type of transaction	Contract/notional amount	Portion of contract/notional amount over one year	Fair value	Valuation gain (loss)
	Forward exchange contracts				
	Sell				
m .:	U.S. dollar	674	_	(0)	(0)
Transactions other than market transactions	Euro	16	_	(0)	(0)
	Thai baht	26	_	0	0
	Buy				
	U.S. dollar	234	_	4	4
	Indian rupee	2		0	0
Total		955		4	4

(2) Interest rate
As of March 31, 2024
Not applicable.

As of March 31, 2025 Not applicable.

# 2. Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting is applied

# (1) Foreign currency

As of March 31, 2024

Not applicable.

As of March 31, 2025 Not applicable.

# (2) Interest rate

As of March 31, 2024

(Millions of yen)

(					
Hedge accounting method	Type of derivative transaction	Major hedged item	Contract/notional amount	Portion of contract/notional amount over one year	Fair value
Deferred hedge accounting	Interest rate swaps Fixed interest paid Floating interest received	Long-term loans payable	7,091	5,673	448
Total		7,091	5,673	448	

# As of March 31, 2025

Hedge accounting method	Type of derivative transaction	Major hedged item	Contract/notional amount	Portion of contract/notional amount over one year	Fair value
Deferred hedge accounting	Interest rate swaps Fixed interest paid Floating interest received	Long-term loans payable	6,327	4,745	337
	Total		6,327	4,745	337

### **Notes on retirement benefits**

1. Summary of retirement benefit plans adopted

The Company has established a constitution-based defined benefit corporate pension plan. Some domestic consolidated subsidiaries have established constitution-based defined benefit corporate pension plans and lump-sum retirement benefit plans. Some foreign consolidated subsidiaries have established defined benefit plans or the defined contribution plans.

Because the Company has participated in JMSA Welfare Pension Fund (multi-employer contributory pension plan) and cannot reasonably calculate the amount of plan assets in terms of its contributions for the plan, retirement benefit obligations for the plan are accounted for in the same manner as a defined contribution plan.

### 2. Defined benefit plans

(1) Reconciliation between the balance at beginning of period and the balance at end of period of retirement benefit obligations (excluding plans to which the simplified method was applied)

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Balance at beginning of period	7,886	8,137
Service cost	516	468
Interest cost	30	58
Actuarial loss (gain)	(5)	(1,050)
Benefits paid	(363)	(451)
Other	71	29
Balance at end of period	8,137	7,190

(2) Reconciliation between the balance at beginning of period and the balance at end of period of plan assets (excluding plans to which the simplified method was applied)

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Balance at beginning of period	7,226	7,546
Expected return on plan assets	119	148
Actuarial gain (loss)	145	(175)
Contributions paid by the employer	369	306
Benefits paid	(355)	(441)
Other	40	3
Balance at end of period	7,546	7,388

(3) Reconciliation between the balance at beginning of period and the balance at end of period of net defined benefit liability for plans to which the simplified method was applied

		(Millions of yen
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Balance at beginning of period	90	95
Benefit costs	29	34
Benefits paid	(14)	(3)
Contributions paid by the employer	(11)	(19)
Balance at end of period	95	106

(4) Reconciliation between the balances at end of period of retirement benefit obligations and plan assets, and net defined benefit liability and net defined benefit asset recorded in the consolidated balance sheet

		(Millions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Funded retirement benefit obligations	7,564	6,504
Plan assets	(7,546)	(7,388)
	17	(883)
Unfunded retirement benefit obligations	668	792
Total net liability (asset) for retirement benefits	686	(90)
Net defined benefit liability	956	793
Net defined benefit asset	(269)	(884)
Total net liability (asset) for retirement benefits	686	(90)

Note: Includes plans to which simplified methods were applied.

### (5) Retirement benefit costs

(Millions of yen)
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
468
58
(148)
10
34
422

### (6) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans

The breakdown of the items recorded in remeasurements of defined benefit plans (before deducting income taxes and tax effect) in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Actuarial gains and losses	154	885
Total	154	885

# (7) Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans

The breakdown of the items recorded in accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans (before deducting income taxes and tax effect) in accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated balance sheet is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized	100	985
Total	100	985

### (8) Plan assets

## i) Breakdown of major categories of plan assets

The ratio of major categories to total plan assets is as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Bonds	16.4%	16.2%
Equity securities	18.7%	15.2%
Cash and deposits	51.0%	54.7%
Other	13.9%	13.9%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

### ii) Method to determine rate of expected long-term return

The rate of expected long-term return is determined in consideration of the present and expected asset mix and the present and expected long-term return rate on the various assets that comprise the plan assets.

# (9) Actuarial assumptions

Major bases for actuarial calculations at end of period

	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Discount rate	0.1%	1.6%
Long-term expected rate of return	1.7%	1.7%
Expected rate of salary increase	3.0%	3.0%

### 3. Defined contribution plan

The required contribution amount to defined contribution plans (including employees' pension fund plan in multi-employer contributory pension plans which is accounted for in the same manner) was 568 million yen in the previous fiscal year and 646 million yen in the current fiscal year.

### 4. Multi-employer contributory pension plans

The required contribution amount to the multi-employer contributory pension plan-type defined benefit plans, which is accounted for in the same manner as a defined contribution plan, was 34 million yen for the previous fiscal year and 35 million yen for the current fiscal year.

# (1) Latest funding position of the multi-employer contributory pension plans

JMSA Welfare Pension Fund		(Millions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2025
Amount of plan assets	2,598	2,631
Amount of reserve for the purpose of pension financing calculation	2,026	2,358
Difference	571	273

# (2) Ratio of the Group's members to the entire plan

JMSA Welfare Pension Fund

Previous fiscal year 18.3% (As of March 31, 2024) Current fiscal year 19.3% (As of March 31, 2025)

# (3) Supplementary explanation

The main factor behind the difference in (1) above is a surplus generated by the strong performance of pension plan assets.

#### Notes on tax effect accounting

1. Breakdown of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities by major component

	As of March 31, 2024	(Millions of yen) As of March 31, 2025
Deferred tax assets		
Tax loss carry forwards (Note 2)	3,903	6,095
Excess depreciation	2,576	1,865
Elimination of unrealized gains on non-current assets	1,094	986
Impairment loss	340	351
Net defined benefit liability	274	149
Accrued bonuses	465	424
Loss on valuation of inventories	153	156
Interest expenses not deductible for tax purposes	524	1,137
Other	1,629	2,163
Deferred tax assets subtotal	10,964	13,331
Valuation allowance for tax loss carry forwards (Note 2)	(3,742)	(5,969)
Valuation allowance for the total of deductible temporary		
difference, etc.	(1,435)	(2,138)
Valuation allowance subtotal (Note 1)	(5,178)	(8,107)
Total deferred tax assets	5,786	5,223
Deferred tax liabilities		
Depreciation (foreign consolidated subsidiaries)	(4,538)	(4,290)
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(499)	(305)
Net defined benefit asset	(18)	(209)
Other	(296)	(162)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(5,352)	(4,968)
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	433	254

#### Changes in presentation

Since the amount of "Interest expenses not deductible for tax purposes" included in "Other" presented under "Deferred tax assets" in the previous fiscal year became material, it has been separately presented from the current fiscal year. To reflect this change in presentation, the Company has made certain reclassifications to the notes for the previous fiscal year.

As a result, "Other" of 2,153 million yen presented under "Deferred tax assets" in the notes for the previous fiscal year has been reclassified as "Interest expenses not deductible for tax purposes" of 524 million yen and "Other" of 1,629 million yen.

Notes:

- 1. Valuation allowance increased by 2,929 million yen. This increase is mainly due to an increase in valuation allowance for deductible temporary differences as a result of a decrease in taxable income at some consolidated subsidiaries.
- 2. Amounts of tax loss carry forwards and related deferred tax assets by expiration of carry forwards.

As of March 31, 2024 (Millions of yen)

	Within one year	Over one year and within two years	Over two years and within three years	Over three years and within four years	Over four years and within five years	Over five years	Total
Tax loss carry forwards (a)	_	8	23	4	112	3,755	3,903
Valuation allowance	_	(8)	(23)	(4)	_	(3,706)	(3,742)
Deferred tax assets	_	_	_	_	112	49	(b) 161

- (a) Tax loss carry forwards represent the amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate.
- (b) For tax loss carry forwards of 3,903 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate), deferred tax assets of 161 million yen were recognized principally in relation to the balance of tax loss carry forwards for consolidated subsidiaries: F.tech Zhongshan Inc. of 112 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate), that for F.E.G. DE QUERETARO, S.A. DE C.V. of 33 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate), and that for Reterra Inc. of 15 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate). Tax loss carry forwards for which these deferred tax assets were recorded arose due mainly to the recording of loss before income taxes in prior periods and the current fiscal year. The Company has determined, based on expected future taxable income, etc., that the deferred tax assets related to the tax loss carry forwards are recoverable.

As of March 31, 2025 (Millions of yen)

	Within one year	Over one year and within two years	Over two years and within three years	Over three years and within four years	Over four years and within five years	Over five years	Total
Tax loss carry forwards (a)	19	22	4	137	1,555	4,356	6,095
Valuation allowance	(19)	(22)	(4)	(15)	(1,555)	(4,352)	(5,969)
Deferred tax assets	_	-	_	121	-	4	(b) 126

- (a) Tax loss carry forwards represent the amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate.
- (b) For tax loss carry forwards of 6,095 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate), deferred tax assets of 126 million yen were recorded. The deferred tax assets of 126 million yen were recognized principally in relation to the balance of tax loss carry forwards for consolidated subsidiaries: F.tech Zhongshan Inc. of 121 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate), and that for Reterra Inc. of 4 million yen (amount after being multiplied by the statutory income tax rate). Tax loss carry forwards for which these deferred tax assets were recorded arose due mainly to the recording of loss before income taxes in prior periods and the current fiscal year. The Company has determined, based on expected future taxable income, etc., that the deferred tax assets related to the tax loss carry forwards are recoverable.

## 2. Reconciliation of significant difference between statutory income tax rate and effective income tax rate after application of tax effect accounting

(%) As of March 31, 2025 As of March 31, 2024 Statutory income tax rate 30.1 (Adjustments) Change in valuation allowance 19.4 Foreign tax credit 3.8 Tax rate differences in foreign consolidated subsidiaries 9.1 Expenses not deductible permanently for tax purposes 21.6 Inhabitant per capita tax 0.5 Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity (7.4)Elimination of dividend income in consolidation 2.0 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations in foreign subsidiaries (31.5)Effective income tax rate after application of tax effect 47.6

Note: Notes have been omitted for the current fiscal year because a loss before income taxes was recorded.

accounting

#### Notes on business combinations, etc.

Transactions under common control, etc.

(Additional acquisition of shares in a consolidated subsidiary)

1. Summary of transaction

(1) Name and business description of the combined company

Name of company: F&P America Mfg., Inc.

Description of business: Manufacturing and sale of auto parts and dies, equipment, tools, etc.

for these parts

(2) Date of business combination

March 11, 2025

(3) Legal form of business combination

Acquisition of shares through cash consideration

(4) Name of company after business combination

No change

(5) Other matters relating to summary of transaction

The voting rights ratio of the additional shares acquired is 0.23%, and the total voting rights ratio as a result of this transaction is 99.85%. The Company has raised its ownership ratio with the aim of strengthening the Group's management structure.

#### 2. Summary of accounting treatment

The transaction was accounted for as a transaction under common control in accordance with the "Accounting Standard for Business Combinations" (ASBJ Statement No. 21, issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on January 16, 2019) and the "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Business Combinations and Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures" (ASBJ Guidance No. 10, issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on January 16, 2019).

3. Matters concerning the additional acquisition of shares in a subsidiary

Our acquisition cost is 6,639 million yen, which is the acquisition price of common shares. This is an intercompany transaction within the consolidated group and has been fully eliminated.

- 4. Matters concerning change in ownership interest of the parent company due to transactions with non-controlling shareholders
  - (1) Main reason for change in capital surplus

It is attributable to the difference between the additional acquisition cost and the decrease in non-controlling interests resulting from the additional acquisition.

(2) Amount of capital surplus decreased due to transactions with non-controlling shareholders 14 million yen

#### Notes on asset retirement obligations

Not applicable.

#### Notes on real estate for lease, etc.

The Company and a consolidated subsidiary own rental properties in Mie Prefecture and other areas. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, net rental revenue from the rental properties amounted to 31 million yen (rental revenue was recorded in non-operating income). In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, net rental revenue from the rental properties amounted to 31 million yen (rental revenue was recorded in non-operating income).

Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet, increase (decrease) in the current fiscal year and fair value of these real estate properties for lease, etc. are as follows:

(Millions of yen)

			(Willions of yell)
		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet			
	Balance at beginning of period	618	462
	Increase (decrease) during period	(155)	25
	Balance at end of period	462	487
Fa	ir value at end of period	722	763

Notes:

- 1. Carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet is calculated by subtracting accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss from acquisition cost.
- 2. Of the increase (decrease) during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, the increase was attributable mainly to foreign currency translation difference of 24 million yen, while the decrease was attributable mainly to the use of idle land and buildings as production lines of 179 million yen. The increase during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 was attributable mainly to foreign currency translation difference of 25 million yen.
- 3. Fair values at end of period are based on certain appraisal values and indicators that are considered to appropriately reflect market prices.

#### Notes on revenue recognition

1. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as stated in "Notes to consolidated financial statements, Segment information, etc."

2. Useful information in understanding revenue from contracts with customers

Useful information in understanding revenue from contracts with customers is as provided in "4. Disclosure of accounting policies, (5) Accounting policy for significant revenues and expenses" under "Basis of presentation and significant accounting policies for preparation of consolidated financial statements."

3. Reconciliation of satisfaction of performance obligations within contracts with customers and cash flows arising from such contracts, and the amount and timing of revenues arising from contracts with customers existing at the end of the fiscal year expected to be recognized in and after the next fiscal year.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

(1) Balance of contract liabilities, etc.

(Millions of yen)

	Fiscal year ended	d March 31, 2024			
	Beginning balance Ending balan				
Receivables from contracts with customers	37,806	41,921			
Contract liabilities	888	1,696			

Contract liabilities are related to advances such as deposits received from customers based on the terms of sales contracts primarily for dies and equipment. Contract liabilities are reversed upon recognition of revenue. The amount of revenue recognized for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 that was included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities is immaterial.

The amount of revenue recognized for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 from performance obligations that were satisfied (or partially satisfied) in prior fiscal years (mainly changes in transaction price) is immaterial.

(2) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The Group has applied the practical expedient to and thus omitted the presentation of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations because of the absence of significant contracts whose contract term was initially expected to exceed one year. Also, the consideration promised in contracts with customers does not have any significant amounts not included in the transaction price.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

(1) Balance of contract liabilities, etc.

(Millions of yen)

	Fiscal year ended	l March 31, 2025
	Beginning balance	Ending balance
Receivables from contracts with customers	41,921	35,259
Contract liabilities	1,696	428

Contract liabilities are related to advances such as deposits received from customers based on the terms of sales contracts primarily for dies and equipment. Contract liabilities are reversed upon recognition of revenue. The amount of revenue recognized for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 that was included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities is immaterial.

The amount of revenue recognized for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 from performance obligations that were satisfied (or partially satisfied) in prior fiscal years (mainly changes in transaction price) is immaterial.

### (2) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The Group has applied the practical expedient to and thus omitted the presentation of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations because of the absence of significant contracts whose contract term was initially expected to exceed one year. Also, the consideration promised in contracts with customers does not have any significant amounts not included in the transaction price.

#### Segment information, etc.

Segment information

1. Description of reportable segments

The reportable segments of the Company are components for which discrete financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors to make decisions about resource allocation and assess their performance.

The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of auto parts, etc. As of the end of the current fiscal year, four companies including the Company in Japan as well as six local corporations in North America and nine local corporations in Asia each conduct the business operations. These local corporations, which are independent management units, formulate comprehensive strategies and develop business activities in each area.

For this reason, the Company consists of regional segments based on the manufacturing and sales systems and has three reportable segments, namely Japan, North America and Asia.

2. Explanation of measurements of net sales, profit (loss), assets, liabilities, and other items for each reportable segment

The accounting procedures for reportable segments are consistent with those stated in "Basis of presentation and significant accounting policies for preparation of consolidated financial statements." Profit of reportable segments is based on operating profit (before goodwill amortization).

Transactions with other segments are based on prevailing market prices.

3. Information on net sales, profit (loss), assets, liabilities, other items, and disaggregation of revenue, for each reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

	Reportable segments			Total
	Japan	North America	Asia	Total
Net sales				
Net sales to external customers	30,612	206,501	61,645	298,759
Transactions with other segments	11,231	1,611	2,915	15,759
Total	41,844	208,113	64,560	314,518
Segment profit	1,352	758	1,511	3,622
Segment assets	74,877	114,086	49,148	238,112
Other items				
Depreciation	2,131	9,268	3,558	14,958
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method	6,526	-	-	6,526
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	727	5,855	1,359	7,943

## Disaggregation of goods and services by type

(Millions of yen)

		Total		
	Japan	North America	Asia	Total
Net sales				
Auto parts	27,485	195,132	54,041	276,659
Dies/facilities	1,442	6,729	1,775	9,947
Other	1,683	4,640	5,827	12,152
Revenue from contracts with customers	30,612	206,501	61,645	298,759
Revenue from other sources	_	_	-	_
Net sales to external customers	30,612	206,501	61,645	298,759

## Disaggregation of revenue by timing of recognition

		T-4-1			
	Japan	North America	Asia	Total	
Net sales					
Goods transferred at a point in time	29,364	206,501	60,783	296,649	
Services transferred over time	1,248	_	861	2,109	
Revenue from contracts with customers	30,612	206,501	61,645	298,759	
Revenue from other sources		_	-	-	
Net sales to external customers	30,612	206,501	61,645	298,759	

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable segments			T 1
	Japan	North America	Asia	Total
Net sales				
Net sales to external customers	30,100	226,241	44,489	300,831
Transactions with other segments	10,788	1,768	3,611	16,167
Total	40,888	228,009	48,100	316,999
Segment profit	(1,093)	8,024	(1,609)	5,321
Segment assets	82,925	111,439	37,611	231,975
Other items				
Depreciation	1,931	10,086	3,342	15,359
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method	6,846	-	_	6,846
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,920	5,138	2,403	9,462

## Disaggregation of goods and services by type

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable segments			Total
	Japan	n North America Asia		Total
Net sales				
Auto parts	27,693	217,698	37,054	282,446
Dies/facilities	1,206	3,938	1,585	6,731
Other	1,200	4,603	5,849	11,653
Revenue from contracts with customers	30,100	226,241	44,489	300,831
Revenue from other sources	_	_	1	_
Net sales to external customers	30,100	226,241	44,489	300,831

## Disaggregation of revenue by timing of recognition

		Total			
	Japan	North America	Asia	Total	
Net sales					
Goods transferred at a point in time	28,919	226,241	43,811	298,972	
Services transferred over time	1,180	_	678	1,859	
Revenue from contracts with customers	30,100	226,241	44,489	300,831	
Revenue from other sources	1		_	_	
Net sales to external customers	30,100	226,241	44,489	300,831	

4. Differences between total amounts for reportable segments and amounts in the consolidated financial statements and main details of these differences (matters relating to difference adjustments)

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Net sales	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Reportable segments total	314,518	316,999
Elimination of intersegment transactions	(15,759)	(16,167)
Net sales in the consolidated financial statements	298,759	300,831

(Millions of yen)

Profit	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	
Reportable segments total	3,622	5,321	
Elimination of intersegment transactions	85	160	
Operating profit in the consolidated financial statements	3,708	5,481	

(Millions of yen)

Assets	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Reportable segments total	238,112	231,975
Elimination of intersegment transactions	(46,335)	(54,415)
Other adjustments	(5)	(4)
Total assets in the consolidated financial statements	191,772	177,555

(Millions of ven)

(Millions of yen)							
	Reportable so	egments total	Adjustments Amounts in the of financial sta				
Other items	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	
Depreciation	14,958	15,359	(399)	(439)	14,559	14,920	
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method	6,526	6,846	_	_	6,526	6,846	
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	7,943	9,462	(313)	(132)	7,629	9,329	

Note: Adjustments of depreciation and those of increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are the effects of intersegment consolidation adjustments.

Information associated with reportable segments

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

#### 1. Information by product or service

This information has been omitted as net sales to external customers in a single product or service category account for more than 90% of net sales recorded in the consolidated statements of income.

#### 2. Information by geographical region

(1) Net sales (Millions of yen)

Japan	U.S.A.	Canada	Mexico	Other	Total
29,400	132,140	46,119	28,243	62,855	298,759

Note: Net sales are segmented by country or region based on customer locations.

(2)	Property, plant	(Millions of yen)				
	Japan	U.S.A.	Canada	Mexico	Other	Total
	12,223	24,798	18,957	19,641	18,411	94,033

3. Information for major customers (Millions of yen)

Counterparty	Revenues	Relevant segment
Honda Motor Co., Ltd. and its group companies	182,243	All reportable segments
General Motors Company and its group companies	29,953	All reportable segments

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

#### 1. Information by product or service

This information has been omitted as net sales to external customers in a single product or service category account for more than 90% of net sales recorded in the consolidated statements of income.

#### 2. Information by geographical region

(1) Net sales (Millions of yen)

Japan	U.S.A.	Canada	Mexico	Other	Total
29,547	139,039	54,312	32,891	45,041	300,831

Note: Net sales are segmented by country or region based on customer locations.

### Changes in presentation

Since the net sales of "Mexico" included in "Other" in the previous fiscal year became material, it has been separately presented from the current fiscal year. In addition, since the net sales of "China" separately presented in the previous fiscal year became immaterial, it has been included in "Other" from the current fiscal year. To reflect this change in presentation, the Company has made certain reclassifications to "2. Information by geographical region, (1) Net sales."

As a result, the amounts of 41,266 million yen reported under "China" and 49,832 million yen reported under "Other" in the previous fiscal year have been reclassified as 28,243 million yen under "Mexico" and 62,855 million yen under "Other."

(2)	Property, plant	(Millions of yen)				
	Japan	U.S.A.	Canada	Mexico	Other	Total
	12,229	22,851	16,335	19,464	10,547	81,428

#### **Changes in presentation**

Since the property, plant and equipment of "China" separately presented in the previous fiscal year became immaterial, it has been included in "Other" from the current fiscal year. To reflect this change in presentation, the Company has made certain reclassifications to "2. Information by geographical region, (2) Property, plant and equipment."

As a result, the amounts of 11,705 million yen reported under "China" and 6,706 million yen reported under "Other" in the previous fiscal year have been reclassified as 18,411 million yen under "Other."

3. Information for major customers

(Millions of yen)

Counterparty	Revenues	Relevant segment
Honda Motor Co., Ltd. and its group companies	190,166	All reportable segments

Disclosure of impairment loss on non-current assets for each reportable segment Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

Not applicable.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

(Millions of yen)

	I	Reportable segment	s	Unallocated	_ ,
	Japan	North America	Asia	amounts and elimination	Total
Impairment losses	33	_	7,781	(107)	7,707

Amortization and unamortized balance of goodwill for each reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

Not applicable.

Amortization and unamortized balance of negative goodwill that arose from business combinations conducted before April 1, 2010 are as follows:

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	North America	Asia	Unallocated amounts and elimination	Total
Amortization during period	1	0	3	ı	5
Balance at end of period	7	3	17	_	28

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

Not applicable.

Amortization and unamortized balance of negative goodwill that arose from business combinations conducted before April 1, 2010 are as follows:

	Japan	North America	Asia	Unallocated amounts and elimination	Total
Amortization during period	1	0	3	_	5
Balance at end of period	5	3	14	_	22

Information about gain on bargain purchase for each reportable segment Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

Not applicable.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 Not applicable.

#### Related parties

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024

- 1. Related-party transactions
  - (1) Transactions between the company filing the consolidated financial statements and related parties
    - i) The parent company and major shareholders (limited to companies) of the company filing the consolidated financial statements

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or stake (Millions of yen)	Nature of	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with the related party	Description of transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Line item	Ending balance (Millions of yen)
Major	Honda Matan Ga	Minato-ku,		Manufacture and sale of motor		products of	Sale of finished goods	15,528	Accounts receivable - trade	2,079
shareholder	Motor Co., Ltd.	Tokyo	86,067	vehicles and passengers car bodies	Direct 13.63	and seller of parts and raw materials	Purchase of raw materials	9,358	Accounts payable - trade	1,294

Note: Terms and conditions of transactions and policy on determination thereof

- (1) Selling prices are determined by making an estimate based on economic rationality in view of market prices and the Company's manufacturing technologies, submitting the estimate to the customer and then negotiating on price.
- (2) In purchases of raw materials, prices are determined through negotiations on price by reference to market prices.

## ii) Officers and major individual shareholders (limited to individuals) of the company filing the consolidated financial statements

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or stake (Millions of yen)	Nature of business or occupation	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with the related party	Description of transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Line item	Ending balance (Millions of yen)
Officer and his or her close family member	Akihide Fukuda	-	-	Executive Senior Advisor of the Company	(Owned) Direct 4.76	Advisory contract	Advisory fees	30	-	

Note: Advisory fees are determined based on the contract entered into through consultation between both parties after comprehensively taking into account past experience and others.

- (2) Transactions between consolidated subsidiaries of the company filing the consolidated financial statements and related parties
  - Companies which have the same parent company as the company filing the consolidated financial statements and subsidiaries of other associates of the company filing the consolidated financial statements

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or stake	Nature of business or occupation	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with the related party	Description of transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Line item	Ending balance (Millions of yen)
Subsidiary of major shareholder	Honda Development and Manufacturing of America, LLC	Ohio, U.S.A.		Manufacture and sale of motor vehicles and passengers car bodies	_	Droducts of	Sale of finished goods Purchase of raw materials	72,882 61,445	Accounts receivable - trade Accounts payable - trade	7,031 3,219
Subsidiary of major shareholder	Honda Canada, Inc.	Ontario, Canada		Manufacture and sale of motor vehicles and passengers car bodies	-	Purchaser of products of the Group and seller of parts and raw materials	Sale of finished goods	36,830	Accounts receivable - trade	3,864

Note: Terms and conditions of transactions and policy on determination thereof

- (1) Selling prices are determined by making an estimate based on economic rationality in view of market prices and the Company's manufacturing technologies, submitting the estimate to the customer and then negotiating on price.
- (2) In purchases of raw materials, prices are determined through negotiations on price by reference to market prices.

#### 2. Notes on major associates

Condensed financial information of major associates

The condensed financial information of a major associate, Johnan Manufacturing Inc., as of March 31, 2023 and 2024 was as follows:

(Millions of yen)

	Johnan Manufa	acturing Inc.
	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024
Total current assets	10,056	10,355
Total non-current assets	8,312	7,819
Total current liabilities	9,812	8,964
Total non-current liabilities	1,544	1,453
Total net assets	7,011	7,756
Net sales	19,336	21,533
Profit before income taxes	310	1,413
Profit	217	987

Note: Johnan Manufacturing Inc. has become a major associate since the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 due to an increase in its significance.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

#### 1. Related-party transactions

(1) Transactions between the company filing the consolidated financial statements and related parties

i) The parent company and major shareholders (limited to companies) of the company filing the consolidated financial statements

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or stake (Millions of yen)	Nature of business or	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with the related party	Description of transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Line item	Ending balance (Millions of yen)
Major	Honda Motor Co	Minato-ku,	86,067	Manufacture and sale of motor	(Owned)	Purchaser of products of the Group	Sale of finished goods	- , -	Accounts receivable - trade	1,966
shareholder	Motor Co., Ltd.	Tokyo		vehicles and passengers car bodies	Direct 13.63	narts and raw	Purchase of		Accounts payable - trade	1,185

Note: Terms and conditions of transactions and policy on determination thereof

- (1) Selling prices are determined by making an estimate based on economic rationality in view of market prices and the Company's manufacturing technologies, submitting the estimate to the customer and then negotiating on price.
- (2) In purchases of raw materials, prices are determined through negotiations on price by reference to market prices.

ii) Officers and major individual shareholders (limited to individuals) of the company filing the consolidated financial statements

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or stake (Millions of yen)	Nature of business or occupation	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with the related party	Description of transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Line item	Ending balance (Millions of yen)
Officer and his or her close family member	Akihide Fukuda	-	-	Executive Senior Advisor of the Company	(Owned) Direct 4.76	Advisory contract	Advisory fees	30	ı	-

Note: Advisory fees are determined based on the contract entered into through consultation between both parties after comprehensively taking into account past experience and others.

- (2) Transactions between consolidated subsidiaries of the company filing the consolidated financial statements and related parties
  - Companies which have the same parent company as the company filing the consolidated financial statements and subsidiaries of other associates of the company filing the consolidated financial statements

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or stake	Nature of business or occupation	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with the related party	Description of transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Line item	Ending balance (Millions of yen)
Subsidiary of major shareholder	Honda Development and Manufacturing of America,	Ohio, U.S.A.		Manufacture and sale of motor vehicles and passengers	-	Purchaser of products of the Group and seller of parts and raw	Sale of finished goods Purchase of	71,499	Accounts receivable - trade	8,065
	LLC			car bodies		materials	raw materials	58,380	payable - trade	3,795
Subsidiary of major shareholder	Honda Canada, Inc.	Ontario, Canada		Manufacture and sale of motor vehicles and passengers car bodies		Purchaser of products of the Group and seller of parts and raw materials	Sale of finished goods	44,888	Accounts receivable - trade	4,752

Note: Terms and conditions of transactions and policy on determination thereof

- (1) Selling prices are determined by making an estimate based on economic rationality in view of market prices and the Company's manufacturing technologies, submitting the estimate to the customer and then negotiating on price.
- (2) In purchases of raw materials, prices are determined through negotiations on price by reference to market prices.
- 2. Notes on major associates

Not applicable.

#### Per share information

(Yen)

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Net assets per share	3,006.59	2,774.28
Basic earnings (loss) per share	90.62	(372.97)

Notes: 1. Diluted basic earnings (loss) per share is not presented since no potential shares exist.

- 2. Since the second quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, the Company has acquired the Company's shares through the "Officers' Stock Benefit Trust," and the shares of the Company held by the Officers' Stock Benefit Trust (102,491 shares for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 and 110,500 shares for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025) are included in the number of treasury shares deducted in the calculation of the average number of shares outstanding during the period, to calculate basic earnings per share.
- 3. Since the second quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, the Company has acquired the Company's shares through the "Officers' Stock Benefit Trust," and the shares of the Company held by the Officers' Stock Benefit Trust (110,500 shares for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 and 110,500 shares for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025) are included in the number of treasury shares deducted from the total number of shares issued at the end of period, to calculate net assets per share.
- 4. Basis for calculating basic earnings (loss) per share is as follows:

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Basic earnings (loss) per share		
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	1,683	(6,925)
Amounts not attributable to common shareholders (Millions of yen)		
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent related to common shares (Millions of yen)	1,683	(6,925)
Average number of shares (Thousands of shares)	18,575	18,567

## Significant subsequent event

Not applicable.

## v) Annexed consolidated detailed schedules Annexed detailed schedule of corporate bonds

Company name	Issuer	Issue date	Balance at beginning of current period (Millions of yen)	Balance at end of current period (Millions of yen)	Interest rate (%)	Collateral	Maturity date
F-TECH INC.	1st unsecured bonds with early redeemable option	January 23, 2025	-	2,000	2.0	Unsecured corporate bonds	January 23, 2029
Total	-	_	-	2,000	_	-	-

1. Total amount of scheduled redemption for each year within five years after the fiscal year end (Millions of yen)

Due within one year	Due after one year through two years	Due after two years through three years	Due after three years through four years	Due after four years through five years
_	-	=	2,000	-

### Annexed detailed schedule of borrowings

Classification	Balance at beginning of current period (Millions of yen)	Balance at end of current period (Millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Payment due
Short-term loans payable	38,537	32,481	4.11	-
Current portion of long-term loans payable	12,782	11,634	2.32	-
Current portion of lease obligations	1,029	868	3.12	-
Long-term loans payable (excluding current portion)	22,043	24,139	2.58	2026–2030
Lease obligations (excluding current portion)	1,671	1,468	4.93	2026–2044
Total	76,063	70,591	_	-

Notes: 1. The average interest rate is calculated using the interest rate and balance at end of period.

2. Repayment of long-term loans payable and lease obligations (excluding current portion) above scheduled within five years after the closing date of the accounting period are as follows:

(Millions of yen)

	Due after one year through two years	Due after two years through three years	Due after three years through four years	Due after four years through five years
Long-term loans payable	10,005	7,467	5,233	1,432
Lease obligations	929	156	155	16

Annexed detailed schedule of asset retirement obligations Not applicable.

# (2) Other information Semi-annual information for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

	Six months ended September 30, 2024	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
Net sales (Millions of yen)	145,810	300,831
Loss before income taxes (Millions of yen)	(2,974)	(5,805)
Loss attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	(4,860)	(6,925)
Basic loss per share (Yen)	(261.75)	(372.97)